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STATE OF NEW YORK : COUNTY OF ROCKLAND
TOWN OF STONY POINT : PLANNING BOARD
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    IN THE MATTER
                            OF
    117 WEST MAIN STREET
_ - - - - - - - - _ - _ - - - _ - _ - - X
    Town of Stony Point
    19 Clubhouse Lane
    Stony Point, New York
    April 25, 2024
    7:20 p.m.
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BEFORE:

MARK JOHNSON, CHAIRMAN
KERRI ALESSI, BOARD MEMBER
ROLAND BIEHLE, BOARD MEMBER
ERIC JASLOW, BOARD MEMBER
JAMES PURCELL, BOARD MEMBER
JERRY ROGERS, BOARD MEMBER

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## Proceedings

MR. CONWAY: Good evening, everyone.
Kevin Conway, the attorney for the applicant, 7 Stokum Lane, New City, New York. I'd like to thank the Chair and the Board Members for allowing us to present tonight and, of course, esteemed Counsel. This is twice in one day we had to deal with each other, Mr. Shah.

I want to just give a brief narrative and turn it over to our technical advisers. The applicant, as you may know, is proposing an addition to the existing school building that's on the site and utilize it for office space on the first floor and one and two bedroom apartments on the second, third, and fourth floors to create a mixed use building while keeping the original look of the school building as it currently stands. The -we're seeking from this Board as an unlisted action and request that the, this Board declares itself as lead agency, along with the negative declaration as we require both site plan and conditional use approval for

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## Proceedings

this application, along with variances from the Zoning Board.

The applicant is proposing a roughly 6900 square feet of office space on the first floor, along with a total of 24 residential units proposed for the second, third, and fourth floors. The project would include -just one moment. The applicant is proposing 61 parking spaces. And the public sewer and water would be utilized, and stormwater management has been designed for zero net runoff.

The residential units for this project are permitted by a conditional use permit in the BU district and meet the following conditions. And with regard to the conditions, I'm just going to briefly tick them off.

The residential units shall not be permitted in any ground story or any story located below grade or below a story containing nonresidential use. The ground floor of the building must contain a nonresidential use, which is permitted, or a

## Proceedings

conditional use permitted, a nonresidential within the $B U$ zoning district.

At least 200 square feet of unpaved outdoor recreational area shall be provided per unit, except that the area may contain block paver in area serving as patio.

The residential units shall be accessed or accessed by separate entrances for nonresidential units. And the residential units shall have no more than two bedrooms per unit.

The residential units shall be made available by covenant or deed restriction to periodic inspections from the Building Department and Fire Inspector upon demand. And the ground floor uses cannot involve the storage of toxic or flammable chemicals. And the residential dwelling unit shall not remit -- or emit, I'm sorry, unreasonable odor or vibration.

The -- we do require variances for maximum development coverage of 75 percent. We're at 79. Max floor area ratio of . 35, we're at 58 percent. Maximum residential

## Proceedings

units, we're at 12 units per acre. We are -that's the prescribed. We're at 24 . And a waiver for residential floor area more than 2.5 times the commercial floor area ratio.

The, a recreation area is proposed on the roof of the structure of the building -excuse me -- in addition to an area on the western portion of the lot which is situated on a large 1.14-acre lot located in the BU district. The residential mixed use in the BU district is permitted by conditional use permit, while business offices are permitted by right. In addition, the subject property does adjoin residential and religious uses from the vicinity map, which is not shown now, but if the Board wishes, we can probably put that up. In addition, the subject property, the access to the site would be provided by both West Main Street and Franklin Drive.

As to the conditional use permit section of the code, 215-92.2, which was recently adopted by the Town Board, our position is while the application is pending, when that

## Proceedings

happens, the Board can take the position, should it choose to, that while our application was pending when that law was passed, it would be grandfathered in from the, prior to the enactment of that law. However, while we respectfully would request that relief, we do believe that we still can comply, and this project still is beneficial, even if it requires the additional permit with regard to that, even if the Board had us comply with the existing, with the new revised law for the town law.

The -- just one moment. We do also, for the conditional use permit, some just additional comments that the -- with regard to that section of the code that the Town had recently, the Town Board had passed.

The lowest story of the grade of all horizontal areas of the building must be used for a nonresidential use, which is permitted as of right by conditional use within the zoning district. We do comply with that. Since the applicant is proposing office space, which is permitted as of right on the

## Proceedings

first floor.
Also, the maximum number of units, we're at 24. The new law requires 12. But we do believe that we should receive conditional use -- or I should say we should receive approval for that, notwithstanding, because 24 units, if you look at the size of the property, the size of the structure with the two additions, this is not, you know, when I first came on board with the project, you would expect some developers to come in and say I want 40 units, or 60 units, or 80 units. And that's not what Mr. Goldberger wished to do.

We wanted to keep it in symmetry and size and scope with the site as it is now. It's a large site, but notwithstanding. We want it to be a smart development, not an overused development. At 24 units, I think it does still fit nicely with the existing neighborhood, which is surrounded by a mix of residential and nonresidential. And it works on the site. So I don't think with respect to it, that should be a point that this Board

## Proceedings

or the Zoning Board should not be so strict in interpretation, especially since we did present this application and it was in the chain prior to the enactment of the new Town Board.

With regard to other similarly situated Boards, I presided in the past over the Town of Clarkstown Planning Board and Zoning Board. I preside over the Town Board now. Typically for our Planning Board, we've treated any applicant that had an application pending for any new law that would be enacted with the grandfather status. So it is a legitimate point of contention. But again, I do believe that even if we were to be required to comply with the new law that the Zoning Board could certainly, in its wisdom, give us variance relief for that.

The remaining areas or items, I'm going to ask our experts to go through with, including with regard to the bulk table variances that we require. However, I do believe that this Board can act on this. And I know this has sat -- there's a lot of

## Proceedings

different projects in different towns and municipalities that sometimes, for whatever reason, will sit unused for an extended period of time, where it's not quite the right fit for the right developer to come in. I know previously, this had been envisioned as a private home. And I believe that an application was prosecuted for that.

But I think this application makes sense. Stony Point, including all the other local municipalities in Rockland, are trying to have a fit or a feel where you have mixed use within a structure, which this does. It's not overwhelming from either side, from the office usage nor from the residential portion. You'll see this in other municipalities, both over the border in Bergen County. You'll see it in Park Ridge, you'll see it in Montvale. It is the way that municipalities have been trying to smartly develop.

This site should not cause concern, or should not envelop the local neighborhood. But we think it will be a nice addition.

## Proceedings

Because again, it's only 24 units.
So with that, I'd ask our other experts to proceed. And then certainly, I do want, as I always do, I want to get the Board's reaction, gauge the Board's reaction. So I don't want the Board Members to think that they're not allowed to speak, or not to get the feedback because that's what we're here for. So I encourage any feedback, negative or positive. We want it.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thanks.
MS. KOWIDGE: My name is Toni Kowidge. I am the architect on this project and owner of Kowidge Architecture and Design. I was brought in on this project to come up with a solution to take this structure that I guess -- I mean, I'm not a resident of this area. But from what $I$ understand, this building, you know, has a lot of heritage in the community and, you know, it's beloved by the neighborhood because it's, it's a nice building. It has good architectural features, character, articulation, and the steeple is quite visible throughout the town.

## Proceedings

And so when $I$ was developing the idea for the design, $I$ decided that we didn't want, we definitely didn't want to go higher than the existing, the existing cornice. We want to keep in line with that. You'll notice that it is in the design.

But given the zoning, the situation of the building on the site, we determined that the best way to develop it was to do two mass structures on either side. They're almost proportional. They're slightly different. But this site was a little bit challenging.

I would like to have you look at this drawing. And you'll see there's a dotted line going through the facade. And you will notice, that is the street level behind the building. And you'll -- there's a diagonal line on the left side of the drawing. That is the intersection of Franklin and Orchard. So you can see how high the site is behind us.

So we had a lot of issues in working with that. So you'll notice that the Franklin side of the building,

## Proceedings

Franklin Street side of the building is embedded into the structure. And we had to fill in the grade and retain the dirt on that side. And that solved, or that enabled us to extend the building outwards in that direction.

On the side yard property line, we were able to come out, and it's relatively at grade. But in the rear of the building, we did have to do a series of ramps for the service entrance. And that will allow for trash, and move in, and utility deliveries for the retail use or commercial use, office use.

So to follow up with what Kevin said, the -- from the Main Street perspective, the building does not seem that imposing because we do, are keeping the height the same, letting the steeple stand as the statement. Or, not steeple, cupola. I'm sorry about that.

Then I decided to go with a modern approach, mixing in with the existing features of the building. So right now, we

## Proceedings

have a very deep red, maroon brick with a golden brown, yellow coins and header features. So what I am proposing is, is to extend that color of brick. We'll match the existing brick and do a brick arcade along the Main Street facade. The headers of those will be cast stone to match the color of the architectural coins on the existing building. So there, I will tie in the base.

But from there, we're going to give it a modern feel. And the, the two additions will have box bay windows, very large windows, almost floor to ceiling. They'll be box bay windows. The box bays will be clad in composite wood material so they will not need maintenance. They will not fade. Their color will be static. So it won't be kitschy, where you see people use real wood, and then five years later, it looks horrible and then they don't maintain it.

Then there, in between some of the windows, there will be panel infills. Around the sides of the building, there will be cantilever Juliet balconies with glass

## Proceedings

paneling.
The roof will be enclosed by a five-foot
tall parapet. Because of the large recreation area, we felt that it was necessary to have a safety parapet in case there's families in this, in here with kids. We wanted it to be safe but still able to enjoy the view. So there are some cutouts in the parapet with a railing that you'll notice. Each of the recreation areas on either side is accessed by a stair penthouse with the elevator on the one side extending all the way to that floor for handicap access.

Inside the building, there is a main residential entry that is neatly and discreetly tucked in, into the connectors of the plan. And while not -- it does meet the floor space requirement. There is a gym on the first floor that could be also used for community space or a meeting room for the residents, as well as a trash and recycling room.

We felt as a whole that we didn't want a

## Proceedings

dumpster enclosure because of the nature of the building. So we wanted to have a trash and recycling. And the steward of the building would bring the dumpsters or trash cans and recycling to the Orchard Street curb cut that is existing on the back side of the building via the ramp in the back.

There are two emergency stair towers that are, that connect the center hallway of each floor. Because of the extreme floor to ceiling heights of the existing structure, we were able to match up the corridor to floor, floor finishes.

However, in the existing building, there will be steps within the apartments, which is allowed by the residential code. So those apartments in the existing structure will be quite grand, actually. And on the second floor, there are some mezzanines because of the 15-foot-three ceiling height in there. So we are able to have a mezzanine.

I do want to point out that the building is fully sprinklered. That is the plan. Excuse me.

## Proceedings

And for the second floor rear
apartments, they do have a fourth floor in the attic with an emergency stair that does meet the mezzanine code. So there's a circular stair accessing that loft space in the back as well as a mezzanine. So those are some very nice apartments.

I did not count the mezzanine space toward the square footage of those apartments because technically, it is a not, non-useable mezzanine. It's not, doesn't attribute to bedroom space. But if there is any question on that, we can address that.

Other than that, let me -- I do want to show you real quick here. We are keeping the catwalk on the back side of the building to, for the emergency egress for those apartments on the back side of the building. So those, the -- we will be restoring that or replacing it. It is structurally not static right now. So we will be updating that, but keeping the character of that catwalk, which is quite interesting.

We will be keeping the stone wall on the

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Proceedings
back of, on Orchard Street. And we will be keeping the fence surrounding the site, except for the new access points.

Again, in this drawing, I showed the diagonal line there. So you can see that even though this is a tall structure meeting the cornice, it is not as imposing as it appears because of the existing geography of the site.

So to that, I will -- oh, I do want to say that for the facade that you're looking at on the lower portion there that faces the existing residential adjacent lots, we did not put any windows on the ground floor so we could have a smooth brick face. And we minimized the amount of windows on that facade facing so to pay respect to the neighbors.

So that is all $I$ have. Are there any questions?

BOARD MEMBER ALESSI: I think the threshold question is the grandfather question.

MR. O'ROURKE: Well, I'll just jump in

## Proceedings

here because obviously, Steve's not here, and he knows the history of this. The code that the Town Board adopted did not provide any grandfathering clause. Sometimes when they do a law, they'll say if an application has been made, it's grandfathered. Sometimes they say if it has a neg dec, it's been grandfathered. This one, there is no grandfathering clause.

So I would defer to Steve. But in conversations with him, he does not feel this Board has the authority to grant grandfathering because it's not in the code. And again, that's been pointed out to the applicant. And that's one of the ZBA variances they would require.

But again, Steve is not here. So this is me just relaying what we've spoken in the past.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: And I appreciate that. I was not aware of that.

BOARD MEMBER JASLOW: I mean, I have a comment, not a question and not looking for a response. But you guys are saying you're

## Proceedings

building this to fit into the community. And where in the community do we have recreational space on the roof instead of on the ground, on the grass? Nowhere. Like, in Eagle Bay, they put green space. In Liberty Ridge, they have green space.

So you're saying it fits in the community, but there's nothing like it in the community. I mean, this is the country, not the city. And green space is grass, not the roof.

And you're saying, you know, the code is 12 apartments. You're not pushing, but you're doing double. You're asking for double the apartments. If you had 12 apartments, maybe you would have something that fits into the community like you're saying it does. That's all. That's just a comment.

MR. STACH: So, yeah. We've been reviewing this at TAC meetings. I guess has been on for two, three agendas now. Working with them to get the application complete. We have provided a memo. This is our

## Proceedings

second memo on this application. A lot of our original comments have been addressed, especially with regard to submissions.

Almost everything we've asked for has been provided. The two pieces that are still outstanding are really landscaping and lighting. And it's appropriate that those come later after you get past the big issues of building and site.

We did bring up the zoning compliance. We do believe this does require a number of variances. The applicant's attorney went over several of those. We essentially -- I don't think we need to go over it tonight.

One of the things I will notice, however, is that we did, when drafting this code, bring in two areas where we felt there should be relief from the standard BU zoning, and that was for existing buildings. Because that was the thrust of the $B U$ zoning, is that if you have an existing building and you want to reuse it for apartments above commercial, that we wanted that, to see that happen.

So if you have a structure that is built

## Proceedings

at . 35 FAR and conforms today, and you put apartments upstairs, you're going to exceed that. So we wanted to have a waiver element for the Planning Board to do that. So we allowed it to go up to .7, which is double. But one of the things that we said is that at least 50 percent of the footprint of the building had to be in existence prior to the application. In this case, I think it's about . 37 .

MS. KOWIDGE: Right.
MR. STACH: So it's about a third has been in existence, where we wanted at least half to be in existence. Other than that, I mean, I think there's, there's just a matter of going for variances. The zoning that we had developed is, would propose or would require a smaller building with fewer apartments on the site.

BOARD MEMBER BIEHLE: To me, it looks just big. Because that lot's an acre and a quarter.

BOARD MEMBER JASLOW: No, less.
BOARD MEMBER BIEHLE: 24 apartments on

## Proceedings

it plus commercial. We went through this with another job, another project.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: And you're proposing 60, 61 parking spaces, you said?

MR. CRICHLOW: Correct.
MS. KOWIDGE: Yes.
CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: On the existing lot.
MS. KOWIDGE: Yes.
CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: That's there, right.
BOARD MEMBER BIEHLE: That takes all the green space in front.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: That's total
coverage. That's --
MS. KOWIDGE: It's not total coverage. We do have islands of where we plan to do plantings and trees. So it's not, it's not an impervious wasteland. You know, we do have, we do have planter boxes. We do have planter boxes along the side. Let me see here. Devin?

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Where is the access to the parking lot currently?

BOARD MEMBER BIEHLE: If you go up to the left side, looking up from Main Street,

## Proceedings

on the left side.
CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Up to Orchard is the access?

MR. O'ROURKE: Yeah. It's off the -- if you're going down, driving down West Main Street, you turn up Orchard, and then you can go into it. So the access is on the lower side. And that all area is actually generally paved now. It's not like they're ripping out any lawn area. It's all basically from the school parking lot.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Yeah.
BOARD MEMBER BIEHLE: Well, there's quite a bit of grass.

MR. O'ROURKE: Yeah, but I don't believe they're ripping -- you're not proposing removing any of the lawn that's there now, correct? For parking, you're not expanding the parking.

MS. KOWIDGE: In the front, yes.
MR. CRICHLOW: In the front, yes.
MS. KOWIDGE: At the lowest tier, that
is, that is the main parking lot.
BOARD MEMBER BIEHLE: You're going to

## Proceedings

lose almost all of it.
MS. KOWIDGE: But we are doing islands throughout, and we are abiding by the ten-foot screening on this side, as well as along the front. We plan to have a large planting bed up there. That was -- I mean, the code is the code. But that is -- we did meet the parking requirement.

MR. STACH: They actually -- you only
exceed the coverage requirement by
two percent, correct?
MR. CRICHLOW: The development coverage?
MR. STACH: Yes.
MR. CRICHLOW: I think it's
four percent, actually. Yeah, four percent.
MR. STACH: So it's not actually one of the things that they need to dial back on to meet the code. It's the coverage of the entire site. This is the BU. We allow people to pave it for parking and have commercial use.

MR. O'ROURKE: I think the point was --
MS. KOWIDGE: We did reduce the parking by ten spots.

## Proceedings

MR. CRICHLOW: We did.
MR. O'ROURKE: -- if you only had twelve
units, you wouldn't need that much parking.
CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Right.
BOARD MEMBER BIEHLE: Again, you got to use the roof.

MR. STACH: There might, I mean, there might be ways for them to get back that four percent. I would think being creative.

MS. KOWIDGE: Well, we'd have to, we'd have to give up parking.

MR. STACH: Or building.
MR. CRICHLOW: I'd also say -- right.
It would be difficult as well, I mean, if we're talking about the parking because I modified it based off of the fire truck turning circulation. So I had to make the aisles pretty wide for the truck to be able to make it all the way through. So it would be difficult to remove any pavement to get the cover down.

MR. O'ROURKE: Well, again, the engineering plans were recently submitted. MR. CRICHLOW: Right.

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## Proceedings

MR. O'ROURKE: So we'll go through those as it goes forward. But you have options. You can do, you can do porous pavement, which is not, would not be considered impervious area. So that there's a possibility that you could get that number down and still have it paved.

MR. CRICHLOW: Okay. Got you.
BOARD MEMBER ALESSI: There's a
reference to a recreation area in addition to the roof on the western --

MS. KOWIDGE: It's right here. Along this portion here, tucked in against the slope of the wall.

BOARD MEMBER ALESSI: Okay.
MR. STACH: So one of the things that I write in my review is that $I$ think you can probably provide all of the recreation, required recreational area off the roof. That doesn't mean they can't propose to do recreational area on the roof.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Right.
MR. STACH: But they don't need it to meet the zoning, right. So nothing in the

## Proceedings

zoning says you can't do it. All it says is you need to have it. And in order to waive it being on the ground, they would have to meet those requirements. But they don't need a waiver from that, I don't believe. I think your requirement for 24 units would be about 4800 square feet.

MS. KOWIDGE: Yes, 4800 .
MR. STACH: They have 4800 square feet of grass alongside that building. The FAR is where that's going to be an issue. What's your FAR?

MR. CRICHLOW: I have 0.58 here.
MR. STACH: So they're allowed .35. They're allowed up to . 7 if, again, it's 50 percent existing footprint. So essentially, almost half of the addition would need to be reduced to meet that . 5 FAR, I would imagine. Or that 50 percent footprint.

BOARD MEMBER JASLOW: Because they doubled the size.

MR. STACH: They tripled the size.
Tripled the size.

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## Proceedings

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: The footprint.
MR. STACH: Not really the size because of that mezzanine story.

BOARD MEMBER JASLOW: Right.
MR. STACH: And they really didn't -- I guess all of your basement story is not habitable area. So that doesn't necessarily count toward FAR, either. But the -- it's close to tripling it. Logistically.

So they're going to seek relief from the Zoning Board, like any applicant is entitled to. And that will be up to the Zoning Board. However, the Zoning Board is not going to make a decision until you complete SEQR.

So this is a similar situation to which you've been in the past. You're going to need, as part of the $S E Q R$ review, to determine that is or is not in character with the neighborhood before you can grant a neg dec. So if you do feel that this is out of character due to its size, due to its intensity, it's going to be incumbent for you to make those statements when you go through the $S E Q R$ review.

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Proceedings
But for now, we're really only starting the SEQR review. So it's going to be a notice of intent to declare lead agency. And then there will be a Part 2 that will have a draft for you next month.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Make a motion to declare lead agency.

BOARD MEMBER ROGERS: I'll second that.
CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: I got a motion and a second. All in favor?
(Response of aye was given.)
CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Any opposed? All
right. Does --
MS. KOWIDGE: He didn't even get to talk about the civil design.

MR. CRICHLOW: Everything else was kind of talked about already, so.

BOARD MEMBER BIEHLE: Question, too. I mean, I know you have the two colors. But what would it look like if it was all red? It would look more as one building. Right now, it looks like two additions. And I know you're trying to keep the character of one building, but.

## Proceedings

MS. KOWIDGE: I'm sorry, I don't understand your question.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: The two annexes don't carry the same character as the existing part.

MS. KOWIDGE: That's true. That's true. And that is the intent. You know, these are modern structures with the flair and the, like the -- not the flair. I don't want to use that word. They're modern structures that complement the existing structure, right. George Washington is not coming for dinner, so why do we want our buildings to look like we're making them for him, right.

BOARD MEMBER JASLOW: Because we want to fit it into the community.

MS. KOWIDGE: They do fit in the community. We're restoring the structure, the existing structure, all right. There is no reason why you can't blend old and new. And the colors complement each other. Those, the blue and the tan and the wood, those are all tones that are based in the existing brick. I did do an RGB Pantone pull of the

## Proceedings

brick that we have. And these colors were in the family. So they do complement each other.

I know it's hard to fathom because it is a forward thinking. But, you know, I always tell all my clients, don't be afraid of color. You know, one color is very monolithic. It makes it look even bigger than what it is. The colors help break it up. They help articulate it. They don't make it look like a giant box. Because to an extent, these are, if you look at the outline, kind of are boxes, right. But they don't look like boxes because they're broken up.

And if you think about the way that the downtown is, you do have buildings that are tall and thin lined up next to each other. This kind of mimics that with the colors. You have tall and thin lined up next to each other. The colors just brighten the atmosphere. They make it look new and modern. So that was the intent. That was kind of the approach that we took.

## Proceedings

MR. STACH: Can $I$ just -- one of the things is this structure is eligible, listed as eligible for the state and national
register. I think we would encourage you to submit via Chris for SHPO consultation for SEQR. One of the things -- the structure as you look at this image here, the structure is not that red, right. And so I think that, and I assume that maybe in real life, it's not going to be as blue as it's shown.

MS. KOWIDGE: It's a much more, it's a much more muted blue.

MR. STACH: Yeah.
MS. KOWIDGE: It pops out. I mean, when I printed this, I did 50 percent transparency. So, you know, trying to bring it down. The blue, it's not like a sky blue, and it's not like a robin egg's blue. It has tones of gray and a little bit of purple in it. So, you know.

MR. STACH: I would think if you could do something that's a little more perspective of photorealistic.

MS. KOWIDGE: That's the next thing I'm

## Proceedings

going to do. We'll do a realistic rendering.
BOARD MEMBER BIEHLE: Maybe if you bring a little red out into that area.

MS. KOWIDGE: Well, it's in the, it's in the brick on the base.

MR. STACH: You want to go back to the other -- this is, this is the facade you're not going to see.

MS. KOWIDGE: So the brick in the arcade will be -- we're going to try our best to match. It is a -- what do you call it, I'm sorry. They put bits of the iron in the brick and it spots it. There's a term for it. I'm so sorry. It's --

BOARD MEMBER BIEHLE: I understand what you're saying.

MS. KOWIDGE: It's late in the day. I can't remember. But we're going to do our best to match that brick. And I think that will really tie it in. Plus, like I said, the headers over those arched, over the arcade openings, we're going to match that color. They're not going to be brick. You know, because $I$ don't want to -- I'm not
trying to copy that. But $I$ am going to match the color.

BOARD MEMBER BIEHLE: So we'll have some of that color in.

MR. STACH: So on that drawing where you have the black colonnade on the ground floor. MS. KOWIDGE: It's actually not black, but.

MR. STACH: That's going to match the red?

MS. KOWIDGE: Yeah. We are going to match the brick. So you can see there that the brick is the same color. The hatch is making it look a little darker. But it is the same color.

And interestingly, when they built this building, they invested in doing -- the yellow brick is actually quite expensive. It's very hard to make a yellow brick like that. It kind of has a gloss finish, and for that time period of 1850s, that was a very arduous process. So much so that you notice that they use it on the front, but not on the back because -- so, but we're going to try

## Proceedings

our best to match that color.
And it's also going to be at the kick stone on the base in the arcade and the base around the column as well, the arcade columns. So you will see that brick bleed around the structure. You'll see it on the back side of the building as well, and at the base along the side.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: I don't think I've ever noticed the yellow brick on that building. And I've been by it hundreds of times.

MS. KOWIDGE: It's very stark. It's, I mean, it's a bright yellow brick.

BOARD MEMBER JASLOW: Can I just make one comment? You guys are selling something. We're buying. Sell us something we want to buy. Not what you want to sell.

MS. KOWIDGE: I understand.
CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thanks, Max.
BOARD MEMBER ALESSI: I think this gentleman had something.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Yeah.
MR. CRICHLOW: Me?

## Proceedings

MR. O'ROURKE: If you want to give a presentation.

MR. CRICHLOW: No, Toni and Kevin already said everything that really needed to be said. The only thing I really wanted to talk about was just the parking, which I already mentioned. I modified it for the truck turning analysis.

So I got the specs for the fire truck. I used the largest one that they had, which I believe was a 70-foot mini tower. And based off of that, I had to widen the aisles so the truck would be able to come in and out and around.

And one of the comments we had in the TAC meeting was why not have two-way traffic for the middle and the top parking aisles. And before, it was because there just wasn't enough room to make that happen. Because as we widened it because of the truck, we now decided to make the middle and the top and the sides here two-way traffic, while the bottom is still one because it's just way too narrow. That's all I really had to say.

## Proceedings

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: And the parking up in
front of the building is for the commercial, and the parking out in the field is residential? Or is that --

MS. KOWIDGE: It's not really -- there's no designations.

MR. CRICHLOW: Yeah, there's no designation.

BOARD MEMBER JASLOW: So the main exit and entrance is going to be off of Franklin.

MR. CRICHLOW: Yes.
CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Across from the church, right?

MR. CRICHLOW: Right.
BOARD MEMBER BIEHLE: It's also off Main, right?

MR. STACH: There's an entrance only.
MR. CRICHLOW: There's an entrance only on West Main because, I mean, it's really narrow. So you can come in on West Main, and then come to this bottom row. But it's all one way. To come out, you would have to go out by Franklin Drive.

MS. KOWIDGE: And I think we talked

## Proceedings

about this would be no left turn. So it would be right turn only.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Okay. That's good.
MS. KOWIDGE: Yeah.
MR. O'ROURKE: If I may.
CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Please.
MR. O'ROURKE: So, and I think Mary
brought this up. It wouldn't -- I think it would be a good idea to do a site visit, even though everybody is familiar with it. But the applicant then could maybe stake out the corners of the building, stake out the parking so the Board gets an idea, one, that you actually see the colored brick and it kind of kicks in because we all drive by at 30 miles an hour with your head up like that.

So I think in this case -- and again, I don't know if it's appropriate yet. But I think you really want to have a site visit where they stake some stuff out so you get an idea for the size and the layout of the building. And I think that typically, the applicant is there, and then they can walk you through what they're proposing.

## Proceedings

MR. STACH: There's one other thing that I want to just -- because we work with SHPO on a lot of adaptive reuse buildings. And one of the things that $I$ think the Board should just be aware of is SHPO, the State Historic Preservation Office, doesn't want you to try and match an existing historic building when you add to it. They want the new building to be clearly distinguished from the existing building so that you have the historically accurate building, and then you have something that's clearly added on to it. That's the approach they want.

They don't want you to match. They want you to, like, they want you to match the sequence and the spacing of the windows. And they might want you to match proportions. But they don't want a carbon copy. And I just wanted to say so when, even if there is opportunity to make this more compatible with the character of Stony Point, Historic Preservation Office is going to balk if it starts looking too much like the existing structure.

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## Proceedings

BOARD MEMBER JASLOW: Thanks for
bringing that up.
MR. STACH: You're welcome.
BOARD MEMBER PURCELL: Also, I noticed
that you took some of the colors that match some of the houses on Main Street on the other side. There's Town Hall.

MS. KOWIDGE: I'm so sorry.
BOARD MEMBER PURCELL: I noticed some of the colors that are in there, because it's a lot brighter on the screen. They actually look like powder blue, unless my eyes are different than everybody else, than what's on the print. The print looks a lot more subtle.

MS. KOWIDGE: Yeah.
BOARD MEMBER PURCELL: You know, there's a lot of colors that are already on houses on Main Street on the other side. Town Hall is a grayish color, bluish gray.

MS. KOWIDGE: Yeah.
BOARD MEMBER PURCELL: There are some townhouses, town colored homes that are on West Main Street. So, you know, we can look

## Proceedings

at the colors. We want to, like, look up and down the whole block as we drive by. And I see some that's already in there.

But, like, that red brick looks like the red crayon number eight out of the packet. Completely different than what's on your print. It's a lot more subtle. It's a lot more subtle here than on there. So I don't know how you can address that, you know, going further with the public here.

MS. KOWIDGE: Well, when I send it to the rendering farm, you know, I'm going to give them pictures and they'll pull directly off of that for the brick.

BOARD MEMBER PURCELL: Okay. All right, thank you.

MR. STACH: I think sometimes it's, like, the outlines, like, make it darker.

MS. KOWIDGE: Yeah. The brick hatch definitely does that. It's a conundrum because then if you remove the hatch, then you don't get the feel of the brick. But, you know. But you get more of the color. So it's a --

## Proceedings

MR. STACH: But when you zoomed it in before, it cleared up.

MS. KOWIDGE: It bled out, yeah.
CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: All right. Anybody
else have any questions? Any more questions?
THE CLERK: Do you want to go on a site visit?

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: I absolutely want to go on a site visit.

THE CLERK: Do you want to go on
May 4th? That's before the next TAC meeting, May 9th.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Will you guys have an
opportunity to stake the corners and stuff like that?

MR. CONWAY: Yeah. Yeah, no, I would encourage a site visit.

BOARD MEMBER ALESSI: That's only -that's next Saturday.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Yeah, I was going to say, that's pretty short notice. You guys will have time to?

MS. KOWIDGE: I think so. We can coordinate.

## Proceedings

MR. CONWAY: Yeah, I think we do.
CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: All right. May 4th,
you said?
THE CLERK: May 4th, because the TAC meeting is May 9th.

MS. KOWIDGE: Should we meet you there?

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Yes, yes, meet us
there.

MR. O'ROURKE: May the fourth be with you.

MR. CONWAY: What time would you like to?

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: 8:30? 8:30.

MR. CONWAY: 8:30, okay.
CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Does that work for
you? I'm not sure. In the morning, yes, I'm sorry. We like to get it done early.

MR. CONWAY: That makes sense.
CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Maybe we'll grab some coffee at the diner.

THE CLERK: 8:30.

CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: 8:30 on May 4th.
MS. KOWIDGE: Thank you all very much
for your time.
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    CHAIRMAN JOHNSON: Thank you.
    MR. CONWAY: Yeah, thanks, everyone. We
    appreciate it.
    THE CLERK: See you May 4th.
    (Time noted: 8:04 p.m.)
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